

# product specification

# CCX1565

15 inch Subcardioid Coaxial Loudspeaker





#### **Overview**

The CCX1565 is a coaxial, passive subcardioid loudspeaker that provides 7 dB of low frequency attenuation in the rear hemisphere while still providing the output capability and pattern control of a normal 2-way system in a much more compact enclosure. Its coaxial transducer and 60° x 45° horn can be rotated in 45° increments, which allows its coverage to be tailored to an application's requirements. The enclosure's 40° vertically trapezoidal shape allows it to be mounted very close to ceilings with minimal effect on sight lines.

Fulcrum Acoustic's **TQ**<sup>™</sup> processing is an integral part of the CCX1565 design. Sound, innovative acoustical design combined with state of the art digital processing leads to exceptional clarity and precise transient response, even at very high sound pressure levels. The required digital signal processing can be provided by one of many supported platforms.

The CCX1565 is particularly effective in systems where targeted pattern control is desirable, and is an excellent solution for high fidelity, foreground distributed systems. Its unique shape and compact size complements many architectural styles, which facilitates acceptance by interior designers and architects. This makes it the perfect choice for houses of worship, theaters, restaurants, transportation facilities, theme parks, and more.

# **Performance Specifications**<sup>1</sup>

#### **Operating Mode**

Single-amplified w/ DSP

#### Operating Range <sup>2</sup>

62 Hz to 19 kHz

# Nominal Beamwidth (rotatable)

60° x 45°

#### **Transducers**

HF/LF: Coaxial 3.0 inch titanium diaphragm compression driver; 15.0 inch woofer, 3.0 inch voice coil; single neodymium magnet

#### Power Handling @ Nominal Impedance <sup>3</sup>

57 V / 400 W @ 8 Ω

# Nominal Sensitivity @ Input Voltage 4 (whole space)

105 dB @ 2.83 V

#### Nominal Maximum SPL (peak / continuous)

137 dB / 131 dB

#### Equalized Sensitivity @ Input Voltage <sup>5</sup>

96 dB @ 2.83 V

### Equalized Maximum SPL <sup>6</sup> (peak / continuous)

128 dB / 122 dB

# **Recommended Power Amplifier**

400 W to 800 W @ 8  $\Omega$ 

#### **Physical Specifications**

### Connections

(2) Neutrik NL4 Speakon

Pin 1+/-: Full Range

Pin 2+/-: NC

#### **Mounting / Suspension Points**

(12) M10 x 1.5 eye bolt angle points, (2) M10 x 1.5 yoke points

## **Dimensions / Weight**

See page 6

#### **Finish**

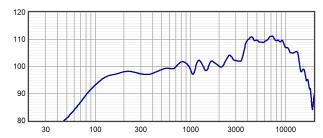
Black painted enclosure w/ matte black grille, or White painted enclosure w/ matte white grille

#### **Options**

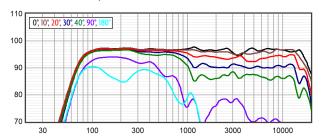
YK-CX15 yoke bracket, Terminal strip input, Custom color finish, Weather-resistant (WR) enclosure & hardware



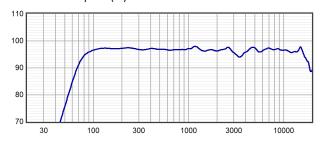




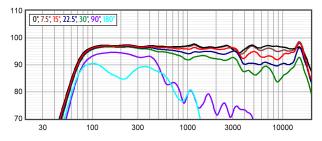
# Horizontal Off Axis Response 7, 11



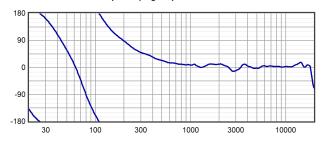




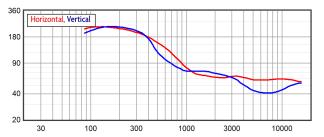
Vertical Off Axis Response 7, 11



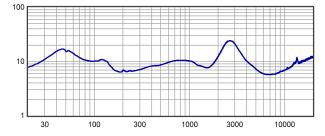
# Axial Processed Phase Response (degrees) 7, 10



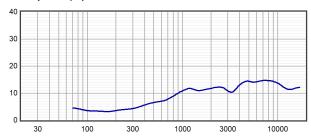
 $Beamwidth^{7,\,12}$ 



# Impedance (ohms)

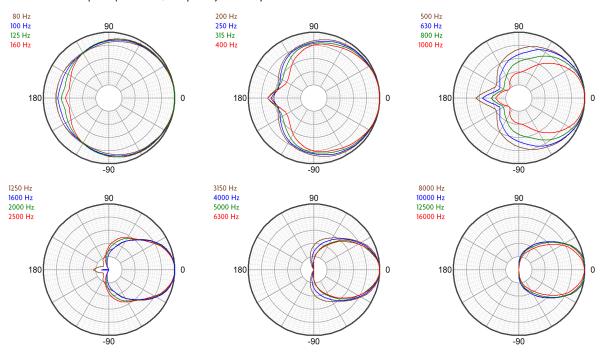


Directivity Index (dB)<sup>13</sup>

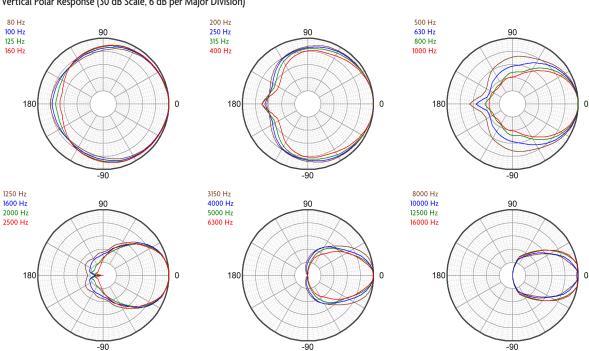




# Horizontal Polar Response (30 dB Scale, 6 dB per Major Division)



# Vertical Polar Response (30 dB Scale, 6 dB per Major Division)





# product specification

#### **Technologies**

The CCX1565 incorporates Fulcrum's patented\* Passive Cardioid Technology™ to overcome one of the major challenges of other loudspeakers: rear LF radiation. Unlike active cardioid loudspeakers, Fulcrum's passive cardioid technology does not require an additional amplifier channel or additional transducer to achieve its 7 dB of rear rejection.

The subcardioid behavior is produced by a meticulously conceived acoustical circuit which balances the position of the low frequency driver, the enclosure depth and volume, and specially constructed rear-mounted ports which include a calibrated resistive element. By opting for a subcardioid pattern as opposed to a pure, hyper or super cardioid pattern, the attenuation is more consistent over the rear hemisphere, and low frequency efficiency is preserved.

The proprietary horns employed in the CCX Series represent a modern digital-signal-processing-aware update to the traditional horn-loaded coaxial loudspeaker concept. The well-known benefits of the coaxial approach have been realized without the familiar shortcomings of historical designs. Fulcrum Acoustic's **Temporal Equalization** (TQ\*\*) digital signal processing techniques eliminate midrange colorations and high frequency harshness while producing a

smooth, seamless coverage pattern through the crossover range. In fact, the coaxial transducers were designed from the ground up to take advantage of the unique capabilities of  $\mathbf{TQ}^{\mathbf{m}}$ .

The coaxial transducer in the CCX1565 includes a 3 inch diaphragm compression driver. The large diaphragm area permits the compression driver to operate at frequencies too low for smaller compression drivers to handle. This allows the high frequency horn to smooth the polar response of the low frequency section in the frequency range where the horn would otherwise cause shadowing. It also allows the compression driver to produce extreme sound pressure levels with an effortless sonic character.

The coaxial woofer's large radiating surface works in conjunction with the HF horn to improve directional control at the bottom of the horn's operating range, increasing directional control beyond what can be accomplished by the horn alone. The coaxial transducer's compact, neodymium magnet not only minimizes weight, but also allows very tight spacing between the compression driver and woofer voice coils. The delay between the driver outputs is thereby minimized, which allows the coaxial device to work well with a passive crossover.

# 2-way, Single-Amp DSP AMP AMP TEMP TE

# **Mechanical Specification Drawings**

2D and 3D DWG dimensional drawings are available for download at www.fulcrum-acoustic.com/support.

<sup>\*</sup> Gunness, D. (2018). Passive Cardioid Speaker (U.S. Patent No. 10,123,111 B2). U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. tinyurl.com/yehr3wv4



#### Notes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> **Performance Specifications** All acoustic specifications rounded to nearest whole number. External DSP with Fulcrum Acoustic-provided settings is required to achieve the specified performance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> **Operating Range** The frequency range within which the processed response is within 10 dB of the average.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> **Power Handling** Based on the AES power handling of the transducers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Nominal Sensitivity The 1-meter-referenced SPL produced by a 1 watt band limited pink noise signal, with no processing applied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Equalized Sensitivity The 1-meter-referenced SPL produced when an EIA-426-B signal is applied to an equalized loudspeaker system, at a level which produces a total power of 1 watt, in sum, to the loudspeaker subsections.

 $<sup>^6</sup>$  **Equalized Maximum SPL**. The 1-meter-referenced SPL produced when an EIA-426-B signal is applied to an equalized loudspeaker system, at a level which drives at least one subsection to its rated power.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> **Resolution** All response graphs are subjected to 1/6 octave cepstral smoothing with a gaussian weighting function.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Axial Sensitivity The SPL plotted against frequency for a 1 watt swept sine wave, referenced to 1 m with no signal processing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> **Axial Processed Response** The axial magnitude response with recommended signal processing applied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> **Axial Processed Phase Response** The axial phase response with recommended signal processing applied, and latency removed.

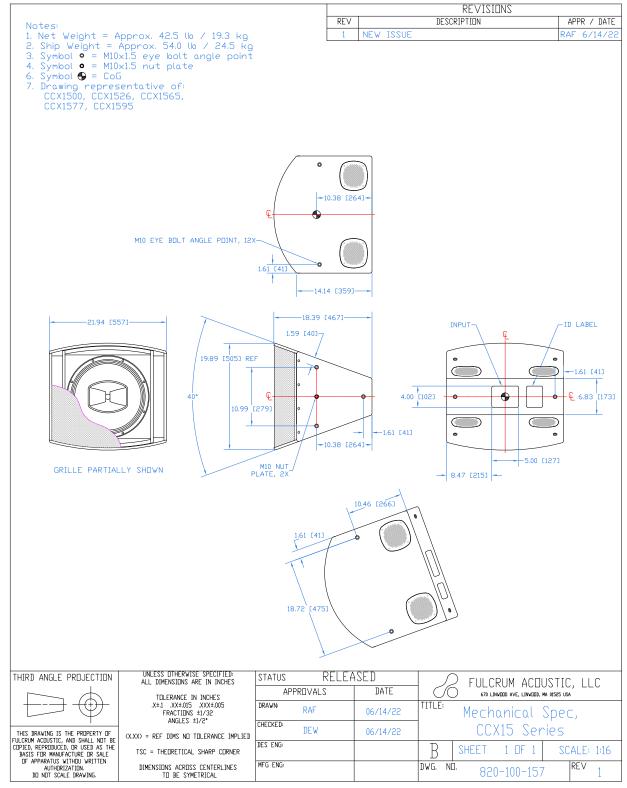
 $<sup>^{11}</sup>$  Horizontal / Vertical Off Axis Responses The magnitude response at various angles off axis, with recommended signal proceessing applied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Beamwidth The angle between the -6 dB points in a loudspeaker's polar response.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> **Directivity Index (Di)** The ratio of the on-axis sound pressure squared to the spherical average of the sound pressure squared at a particular frequency expressed in dB. To convert the directivity index to directivity factor (Q) use the formula **10** <sup>DI/10</sup>.



# product specification





# product specification, weather-resistant (WR) version

